

专题09 特殊句式和情景交际

**2022年高考真题**

**1.（2022.6全国甲卷 改错）**

The disagreement was too sharp that neither he nor I knew what to settle it.

【答案】将too改为so。

**【解析】**

考查状语从句。句意：这分歧如此尖锐，以至于他和我都不知道如何解决它。固定句型“so…that…”译为“如此……以至于……”引导结果状语从句。故将too改为so。

**2.（2022.6全国乙卷 语法填空）**

\_\_\_68\_\_\_ (strengthen)the connection with young people, the event included a number of public promotional activities on social media,

【答案】To strengthen

**【解析】**考查非谓语动词。考察to do sth在句子中目的状语。句意：为了加强与年轻人的联系，活动包括在社交媒体上的一系列公共宣传活动，邀请了来自世界各地的29名茶叶专业人士进行36小时不间断的直播。根据句意可知，此处表达“为了加强与年轻人的联系”，需要用不定式作目的状语。故填To strengthen。

**3.（2022.6全国甲卷 改错）**

【答案】talk前面加to

**【解析】**I was unwilling talk with him and often disobeyed his rule of not stay out with my friends too late.

.考查短语。句意：我不愿意和他交谈，经常违反他让我不要在外面待到很晚的规定。be willing to do意思为：愿意做，为固定短语。故在talk前面加to。

**2021年高考真题**

**1.（2021.6全国乙卷 改错）**

That's our view on housework. And hopes this can inspire more thinking on the topic!

【答案】把hopes改为hope

**【解析】**考查省略句。分析题目可知，此处表示(I) hope this can inspire…，故hope应用动词原形形式。故把hopes改为hope。

**2.（2021.6全国甲卷 语法填空）**

It is possible      3      (walk) or bike the entire 14 kilometers.

【答案】 to walk

【解析】考查形式主语句，本句是典型的It is adj. + to do的形式。非谓语动词to do做真正主语，it做形式主语。故填 to walk 。

**3.（2021.3 天津卷 单选）**—Are you done with the book I gave you?

—           . I'm still reading the last chapter.

A. Hard to say B. Not quite C. Of course D. It all depends

【答案】B

【解析】考查情景交际。句意：—我给你的书你看完了吗？—不完全是。我还在读最后一章。A.Hard to say很难说；B.Not quite不完全是；C.Of course当然；D.It all depends这要看情况了。根据语境可知，本空应填 "Not quite" 。故选：B。

**4.（2021.3 天津卷 单选）**—How's the project going?

—           . All we have to do is finish the last bit of work.

A. Easy come easy go B. Far from it C. By all means D. So far so good

【答案】D

【解析】考查情景交际。句意：—这个项目进展的如何？—到目前为止，一直都还不错。我们要做的就是完成最后一项工作。A.Easy come easy go 来得容易去得也快；B.Far from it远非如此；C.By all means 绝不；D.So far so good到目前为止，一直都还不错。根据下半句可知，目前进展还不错。故选D。

2020年高考真题

**1.（2020·江苏卷）** Building such a bridge over the bay was \_\_\_\_\_\_ but the local government made it within two years.

A. a wet blanket B. a piece of cake C. a dark horse D. a hard nut to crack

【答案】D

【解析】考查习惯用语辨析。句意:在海湾上建造这样一座桥是一件困难的事情，但当地政府在两年内完成了。A. a wet blanket一件扫兴的事情；B. a piece of cake小菜一碟；C. a dark horse出人意外的获胜者；D. a hard nut to crack很难解决的问题。根据空前such a bridge over the bay及空后but the local government made it within two years可知，在海湾上建造这样一座桥是一件困难的事情。故选D。

2. （2020·江苏卷）—Do you know anything about Zhang Zhongjing?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_ He has been honored as a master doctor since the Eastern Han Dynasty.

A. How come? B. So what? C. By all means. D. With pleasure.

【答案】C

【解析】考查日常交际用语。句意:-你知道关于张仲景的事情吗？-当然。 自东汉以来，他被尊为医学大师。A. How come?怎么会？B. So what?那又怎样？C. By all means.当然；D. With pleasure.很愿效劳。根据空后He has been honored as a master doctor since the Eastern Han Dynasty.可知，后者对张仲景非常了解。所以他“当然”知道关于张仲景的事情。C选项符合语境。故选C。

3．（2020·（天津卷)英语笔试（第一次)）—Tim has difficulty in making decisions.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. He's still hesitating about whether to take the job.

A．That’s it B．Give it a try C．It's settled D．You're kidding me

【答案】A

【解析】考查情景交际。句意：—Tim做决定有困难。—就是。他还在犹豫是否接受那份工作。 A.That's it就是；B. Give it a try试一试:C. It's settled那就决定了;D.You're kidding me你在跟我开玩笑吧。此处是对上句情况的肯定，故选A。

**4．（2020·（天津卷)英语笔试（第二次)）**

—Next time you visit Bob, remember to give him a call in advance.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_. I will.

A．My pleasure B．No wonder C．Good point D．Never mind

【答案】C

【解析】考查情景交际。句意:--下次你去拜访Bob的时候，记得提前给他打个电话。--好主意。我会的。A. My pleasure 我很荣幸，别客气；B. No wonder难怪；C. Good point好主意；D. Never mind没有关系。根据”I will”可知，第二个人对第一个人的提议非常赞同。故C选项符合语境。故选C。

**5．（2020·（天津卷)英语笔试（第二次)**

—Shall I order a taxi for Sarah to go to the airport tonight?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_. I’ll drive her there.

A．Have a try B．Don’t mention it C．Don’t bother D．Go ahead

【答案】C

【解析】考查情景交际。句意:--今晚我为莎拉叫一辆出租车去机场好吗？--不用麻烦了。我开车送她去。A. Have a try试一试吧；B. Don’t mention it别客气，不用谢；C. Don’t bother不用麻烦了；D. Go ahead走吧，干吧。根据“I will drive her there”可知，第二个人会送莎拉去机场，因此他让第一个人“不用麻烦叫出租车”。故选C。